

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

June 30, 2023

Table of Contents June 30, 2023

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	17
Statement of Activities	18
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	19
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	20
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	21
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - General Fund	23
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Food Service	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position (Deficit) - Proprietary Fund - Food Service	25
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund - Food Service	26
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	27
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund	28
Notes to Financial Statements	29

Table of Contents June 30, 2023

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net Pension Liability	57
Schedule of the District's PSERS Pension Contributions	58
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS OPEB Liability	59
Schedule of the District's PSERS OPEB Contributions	60
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	61
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	62
Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	64
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	67
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	69
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	70

Page



Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Jersey Shore Area School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jersey Shore Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jersey Shore Area School District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 8, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Williamsport, Pennsylvania November 8, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Jersey Shore Area School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

The MD&A is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*.

Using the Single Audit Report

The Single Audit consists of the MD&A, the government-wide perspective financial statements, the fund perspective financial statements, the notes to the financial statements, required supplementary information, and the Single Audit reports and schedules. These statements are organized so that the reader can understand the District as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

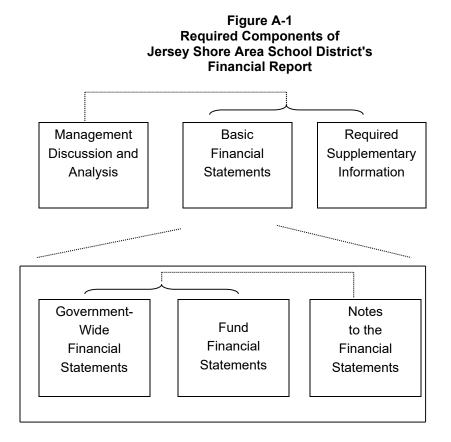
The first two statements are government-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements illustrate how general District services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities that the District operates like a business. For our District, this is the Food Service Fund. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationships where the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of the Financial Section are arranged and relate to one another:



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2 Major Features of Jersey Shore Area School District's Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statements	
	Government- Wide	Governmental		
	Statements	Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and community services	Activities the District operates similar to private business - Food Services	Instances in which the District is the trustee or agent to someone else's resources - private purpose trust funds
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, as well as certain deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred inflows, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short- term and long-term
Type of inflow- outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Overview of Financial Statements

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the performance of the students.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, administration and community services. Property taxes and state and federal subsidies and grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The District operates a food service operation and charges fees to staff, students and visitors to help it cover the costs of the food service operation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Fund Financial Statements

The District's fund financial statements, which begin on page 19, provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required by state law and by bond requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for District activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position, and a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the District charges customers for services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units in the District - these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The Food Service Fund is the District's proprietary fund and is the same as the business-type activity we report in the government-wide statements, but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain scholarship funds held as private purpose trust funds. Such activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position on page 27. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statement because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's total net position (deficit) was \$(23,625,768) at June 30, 2023.

			e 30, 2023 ar t Position (D				
	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activity	Тс	otal	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	Change
Current and other assets Capital assets Deferred outflows of	\$ 18,880,159 44,188,143	\$ 19,340,284 43,240,085	\$ 623,617 2,473	\$ 424,072 5,242	\$ 19,503,776 44,190,616	\$ 19,764,356 43,245,327	\$ (260,580) 945,289
resources	9,659,940	10,589,951	173,241	187,326	9,833,181	10,777,277	(944,096)
Total assets and deferred outflow							
of resources	72,728,242	73,170,320	799,331	616,640	73,527,573	73,786,960	(259,387)
Current liabilities	7,493,882	8,291,548	104,037	78,479	7,597,919	8,370,027	(772,108)
Noncurrent liabilities Deferred inflows of	79,226,821	82,413,173	1,089,657	986,346	80,316,478	83,399,519	(3,083,041)
resources	9,181,537	12,535,525	57,407	264,213	9,238,944	12,799,738	(3,560,794)
Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	95,902,240	103,240,246	1,251,101	1,329,038	97,153.341	104,569,284	(7,415,943)
of resources	93,902,240	105,240,240	1,231,101	1,529,050	97,100,041	104,309,204	(7,413,943)
Net position (deficit): Net investment in							
capital assets Restricted for capital	24,278,773	20,901,317	2,473	5,242	24,281,246	20,906,559	3,374,687
projects	1,521,963	1,059,451	-	-	1,521,963	1,059,451	462,512
Unrestricted	(48,974,734)	(52,030,694)	(454,243)	(717,640)	(49,428,977)	(52,748,334)	3,319,357
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (23,173,998)</u>	<u>\$ (30,069,926)</u>	<u>\$ (451,770)</u>	<u>\$ (712,398)</u>	<u>\$ (23,625,768)</u>	<u>\$ (30,782,324)</u>	\$ 7,156,556

Table A-1

Most of the District's net position is invested in capital assets (buildings, land and equipment). The remaining unrestricted net position (deficit) is composed of committed and unassigned amounts, net of the District's net pension liability pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68 and other postemployment benefits liability pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75. The committed balances are amounts set-aside to fund future expenditures or capital projects as planned by the District. Decrease in noncurrent liabilities was a combination of decrease in long-term debt and other post-employment benefits netted against an increase in net pension liability.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on page 18. All expenses are reported in the first column. Specific charges, grants, revenues and subsidies that directly relate to specific expense categories are represented to determine the final amount of the District's activities that are supported by other general revenues. The two largest general revenues are the Basic Education Subsidy provided by the State of Pennsylvania, and the local taxes assessed to community taxpayers.

Table A-2 takes the information from that Statement, rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses of both the Governmental Activities and the Business-Type Activity of the District.

	Governme	ental Activities	Business-T	Business-Type Activity		Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	Change		
Revenues:									
Program revenues:									
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 134,804	4 \$ 110,574	\$ 385,398	\$ 107,534	\$ 520,202	\$ 218,108	\$ 302,094		
contributions	13,849,81	5 13,960,894	1,236,118	1,832,456	15,085,933	15,793,350	(707,417)		
General revenues:									
Property taxes	13,646,89	9 13,659,170	-	-	13,646,899	13,659,170	(12,271)		
Other taxes	5,421,58		-	-	5,421,580	4,914,833	506,747		
Grants, subsidies and contributions,	-, ,	, , , ,			-, ,	,- ,	,		
unrestricted	14,246,22	1 13,640,812	-	-	14,246,221	13,640,812	605,409		
Other	513,78	7 (1,400,867)	16,740	5,261	530,527	(1,395,606)	1,926,133		
Total revenues	47,813,10	6 44,885,416	1,638,256	1,945,251	49,451,362	46,830,667	2,620,695		
Expenses:									
Instruction	27,360,14	1 26,860,608	-	-	27,360,141	26,860,608	499,533		
Instructional student									
support	4,458,02	5 4,717,879	-	-	4,458,025	4,717,879	(259,854)		
Administrative and									
financial support Operation and	2,615,54	2 2,627,172	-	-	2,615,542	2,627,172	(11,630)		
maintenance of plant	3,627,79	3,682,898			3,627,790	3,682,898	(55,108)		
Pupil transportation	1,529,52		_	_	1,529,522	1,496,918	32,604		
Student activities	1,014,87				1,014,876	986,869	28,007		
Refund of prior year	1,014,07	5 500,005			1,014,070	300,003	20,007		
revenue	1,81	- 2	-	-	1,812	-	1.812		
Interest on long-term	,-				,-		,-		
debt	309,47	313,943	-	-	309,470	313,943	(4,473)		
Food services			1,377,628	1,302,576	1,377,628	1,302,576	75,052		
Total expenses	40,917,17	40,686,287	1,377,628	1,302,576	42,294,806	41,988,863	305,943		
Increase in									
net position	\$ 6,895,92	3 \$ 4,199,129	\$ 260,628	\$ 642,675	\$ 7,156,556	\$ 4,841,804	\$ 2,314,752		

Table A-2 Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 Changes in Net Position

Operating grants and contributions decreased from prior year for business-type activities. The federal Seamless Summer Option in which all pupils received both free breakfast and lunch at no cost did not continue in the fiscal year 2023 school year, therefore the District did not receive those additional grant revenues. The District did receive a significant increase in earned income taxes from prior fiscal year, which is representing above as an increase in other taxes. State basic subsidy also increased from prior fiscal year. Other significant changes relate to the disposal of capital assets during fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Table A-3 shows the District's eight largest functions - instructional programs, instructional student support, administrative, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, student activities, and interest on long term debt as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). This table also shows the net costs offset by the other unrestricted grants, subsides and contributions to show the remaining financial needs supported by local taxes and other miscellaneous revenues. The changes in net cost of services for interest on long-term debt was more because during fiscal year 2021/2022, the District satisfied General Obligation Note AA of 2015. Also, during the 2021/2022 fiscal year, the District refunded several debt obligations into General Obligation Note of 2021. This refunding resulted in a reimbursement percentage from the Commonwealth of only 1.43%. These items resulted in a reduced reimbursement from the Commonwealth in 2022/2023 when compared to 2021/2022.

Table A-3Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022Governmental Activities

	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost	Changes in Net Cost of		
	2023	2022	2023	2022	Services	
Functions/Programs:						
Instruction	\$ 27,360,141	\$ 26,860,608	\$ 16,586,881	\$ 16,382,909	\$ 203,972	
Instructional student support Administrative and financial	4,458,025	4,717,879	3,948,297	4,165,349	(217,052)	
support	2,615,542	2,627,172	2,340,291	2,336,737	3,554	
Operation and maintenance						
of plant	3,627,790	3,682,898	3,030,474	3,185,168	(154,694)	
Pupil transportation	1,529,522	1,496,918	104,646	140,358	(35,712)	
Student activities	1,014,876	986,869	743,391	712,793	30,598	
Refund of prior year						
expenditures	1,812	-	1,812	-	1,812	
Interest on long-term debt	309,470	313,943	176,767	(308,495)	485,262	
Total governmental	• 40.047.470	* 40.000.00 7		00.014.040	047 740	
activities	\$ 40,917,178	\$ 40,686,287	26,932,559	26,614,819	317,740	
Less unrestricted grants,			44.040.004	40.040.040	(005,400)	
subsidies			14,246,221	13,640,812	(605,409)	
Total needs from local taxes and other						
revenues			\$ 12,686,338	\$ 12,974,007	\$ (287,669)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Table A-4 reflects the activities of the Food Service program, the only Business-Type activity of the District.

Table A-4Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022Business-Type Activity

	Total Cost of Services				Net Cost o	hanges in et Cost of	
		2023		2022	 2023	 2022	 Services
Functions/Programs: Food services	\$	1,377,628	\$	1,302,576	\$ (243,888)	\$ (637,414)	\$ 393,526
Less investment earnings					 (16,740)	 (5,261)	 (11,479)
Total business-type activity					\$ (260,628)	\$ (642,675)	\$ 382,047

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position for the proprietary fund will further detail the actual results of operations. This program should be self-supporting. During the fiscal year 2021/2022, the District operated under the federal Seamless Summer Option in which all pupils can receive both breakfast and lunch at no cost. This did not continue for the fiscal year 2022/2023 resulting in a decrease in participation from the previous school year. Net cost of services increased \$382,047.

The District Funds

At June 30, 2023, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13,004,259 which is an increase of \$237,705.

The General Fund had a beginning fund balance of \$10,422,477 and an ending fund balance of \$10,110,735 at June 30, 2023. Revenues and other financing sources decreased from \$46,475,002 to \$47,516,916. Expenditures and other financing uses increased from \$45,842,483 to \$47,828,658.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Table A-5 shows a comparison of General Fund expenditures from 2021-22 to 2022-23. Functions are in-line with the prior year except for 1400 - Other Instructional Programs, 1500 - Nonpublic School Programs, 2200 - Support Services Instructional Staff, and 4600 - Facilities acquisition, construction and improvement services. The increase in expenditures within the 1400 function is due to an increase in outside placement, the decrease in 2200 function is due to technology purchases made during the 21/22 year, and an increase in 4600 function are from HVAC projects at the High School and Middle School that began in fiscal year 2022.

Table A-5 General Fund Expenditure Comparison

	Expenditures		S		Percent		
	Function		2023		2022	 /ariance	Change
1100	Regular Education	\$	20,311,798	\$	19,611,377	\$ 700,421	3.57 %
1200	Special Education		6,860,151	·	6,504,552	355,599	5.47
1300	Vocational Education		1,185,420		1,138,950	46,470	4.08
1400	Other Instructional						
	Programs		84,456		52,032	32,424	62.32
1500	Nonpublic School						
	Programs		3,632		15,672	(12,040)	(76.82)
1800	Pre-Kindergarten						
	Programs		372,667		315,000	57,667	18.31
2100	Support Services Pupil		1,752,590		1,736,396	16,194	0.93
2200	Support Services						
	Instructional Staff		1,399,911		1,651,748	(251,837)	(15.25)
2300	Support Services						
	Administration		2,535,360		2,533,693	1,667	0.07
2400	Support Services Pupil						
	Health		466,039		401,913	64,126	15.96
2500	Support Services Pupil				070 704	(00 550)	(7.00)
0000	Business		807,209		873,761	(66,552)	(7.62)
2600	Operation and		0 507 477			170.007	4.00
0700	Maintenance		3,597,477		3,426,580	170,897	4.99
2700	Student Transportation		0.000 540		4 000 404	00.445	
0000	Services		2,020,546		1,992,401	28,145	1.41
2800	Support Services Pupil Central		17 506		10 510	(006)	(5.22)
2900	Other Support Services		17,526 1,253		18,512	(986) 1,253	(5.33) N/A
2900 3200	Student Activities		926,777		- 900,210	26,567	2.95
3200	Facilities acquisition,		920,777		900,210	20,507	2.90
	construction, and						
4600	improvement services		2,350,537		1,474,864	875,673	59.37
4000 5100	Debt Service		2,635,309		2,944,822	(309,513)	(10.51)
0100			2,000,009		2,077,022	 (000,010)	(10.01)
		\$	47,328,658	\$	45,592,483	\$ 1,736,175	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The District's General Fund revenues were \$47,516,916 in 2022/23, which were up 2% from the previous year. General Fund revenues for the District come from three primary categories. Local sources approximately make up 42% of the total revenue, state sources make up 52% and federal sources are 6%. Most of the local revenue comes from tax levies set by School Code, fees, tuition and donations.

Revenues are in-line with the prior year except for federal sources. The ESSERS grant funding/expenditures decreased for fiscal year 2023.

Category	 2023	 2022	<u> </u>	/ariance	% Change	
Local sources 6000 State sources 7000 Federal sources 8000 Other Financing Sources 9000	\$ 19,962,276 24,761,638 2,784,198 8,804	\$ 19,445,926 23,971,423 3,049,271 8,382	\$	516,350 790,215 (265,073) 422	2.66 3.3 (8.69) 5.03	%
Total	\$ 47,516,916	\$ 46,475,002	\$	1,041,914		

Table A-6 General Fund Revenue Comparison

General Fund Budget

During the fiscal year, the Board of Directors may authorize revisions to the original budget to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the District. All adjustments are again confirmed at the time the annual audit is accepted. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided on page 23.

The District applies for federal, state and local grants. These grants cannot always be anticipated in the budgeting process. Transfers between specific categories of expenditures/financing uses may occur during the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2023, the District invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and furniture and equipment. At June 30, 2023, the investment in capital assets, net of depreciation, was \$44,188,143, an increase of \$948,058. For details on the specific line-item changes, see Note 6 on page 39. The increase in construction in process is the middle and high school HVAC project that started in fiscal year 2022 and was not completed as of June 30, 2023.

Table A-7 Governmental Activities Capital Assets

	 2023	 2022
Land	\$ 12,198,086	\$ 12,198,086
Construction in process	3,854,580	1,409,860
Land improvements	3,497,173	3,488,033
Buildings	66,504,463	66,580,119
Furniture and equipment	15,562,432	15,070,415
Less accumulated depreciation	 (57,428,591)	 (55,506,428)
Capital assets, net	\$ 44,188,143	\$ 43,240,085

Debt Administration

As of July 1, 2022, the District had total outstanding bond and note principal of \$22,103,000. The District made principal payments of \$2,322,000 during the year. The District ended the year with outstanding bond and note principal of \$19,781,000 as of June 30, 2023.

Table A-8 Outstanding Debt

General Obligation Bonds and Notes	 2023	 2022
Series of 2019 GOB Series of 2020 GOB Series of 2021 GOB	\$ 4,545,000 9,855,000 5,381,000	\$ 4,565,000 9,920,000 7,618,000
	\$ 19,781,000	\$ 22,103,000

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Other obligations include financed purchase agreements payable, accrued vacation pay and sick leave for specific employees of the District, as well as other post-employment and pension obligations. More detailed information about our long-term liabilities is included in Notes 7 through 13 to the financial statements.

The District's general obligation bond rating is S&P A+/Stable (Underlying). Additional security is also provided for the bonds by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Act 150 School District Intercept Program. The Act provides for undistributed state aid to be diverted to bond holders in the event of default.

Contacting the District Financial Management

Our financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the Board's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Benjamin J. Enders, Business Manager/Board Secretary at Jersey Shore Area School District, 175 A & P Drive, Jersey Shore, Pennsylvania 17740, (570) 398-5050.

Jersey Shore Area School District Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,460,663	\$ 574,200	\$ 12,034,863
Investments	1,180,367	-	1,180,367
Other receivables	72,644	-	72,644
Taxes receivable, net	997,965	-	997,965
Internal balances	92,099	(92,099)	-
Due from other governments	3,287,761	126,918	3,414,679
Inventories	12,159	14,598	26,757
Prepaid expenses	254,538		254,538
Total current assets	17,358,196	623,617	17,981,813
Capital Assets	44,188,143	2,473	44,190,616
Assets Held for Capital Projects	1,521,963		1,521,963
Total assets	63,068,302	626,090	63,694,392
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	7,819,036	173,241	7,992,277
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	1,806,503	-	1,806,503
Unamortized refunding charges	34,401		34,401
Total deferred outflows of resources	9,659,940	173,241	9,833,181
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 72,728,242	\$ 799,331	\$ 73,527,573
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position			
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 2,344,000	\$ -	\$ 2,344,000
Financed purchase agreements payable	¢ 2,044,000 57,488	Ψ -	φ 2,344,000 57,488
Accounts payable	842,085	26,308	868,393
Accrued salaries and benefits	3,858,304	60,195	3,918,499
Payroll deductions and withholdings	26,582	-	26,582
Accrued interest	86,350	-	86,350
Unearned revenue	279,073	17,534	296,607
Total current liabilities	7,493,882	104,037	7,597,919
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term debt	17,447,162	-	17,447,162
Financed purchase agreements payable	60,720	-	60,720
Compensated absences	643,692	1,350	645,042
Other postemployment benefits	9,390,554	-	9,390,554
Net pension liability	51,684,693	1,088,307	52,773,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	79,226,821	1,089,657	80,316,478
Total liabilities	86,720,703	1,193,694	87,914,397
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension	2,302,517	57,407	2,359,924
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	6,879,020		6,879,020
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,181,537	57,407	9,238,944
Net Position (Deficit)			
Net investment in capital assets	24,278,773	2,473	24,281,246
Restricted for capital projects	1,521,963	, -	1,521,963
Unrestricted	(48,974,734)	(454,243)	(49,428,977)
Total net position (deficit)	(23,173,998)	(451,770)	(23,625,768)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources			
and net position (deficit)	\$ 72,728,242	\$ 799,331	\$ 73,527,573

See notes to financial statements

Jersey Shore Area School District Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total
Governmental Activities						
Instruction	\$ (27,360,141)	\$ 49,772	\$ 10,723,488	\$ (16,586,881)		\$ (16,586,881)
Operation and maintenance of plant services	(3,627,790)	22,115	575,201	(3,030,474)		(3,030,474)
Instructional student support	(4,458,025)	-	509,728	(3,948,297)		(3,948,297)
Administration and financial support services	(2,615,542)	-	275,251	(2,340,291)		(2,340,291)
Student activities	(1,014,876)	62,917	208,568	(743,391)		(743,391)
Pupil transportation	(1,529,522)	-	1,424,876	(104,646)		(104,646)
Refund of prior year revenues	(1,812)	-	-	(1,812)		(1,812)
Interest on long-term debt	(309,470)		132,703	(176,767)		(176,767)
Total governmental activities	(40,917,178)	134,804	13,849,815	(26,932,559)		(26,932,559)
Business-Type Activity						
Food service	(1,377,628)	385,398	1,236,118		\$ 243,888	243,888
Total	\$ (42,294,806)	\$ 520,202	\$ 15,085,933		243,888	(26,688,671)
	General Revenue					
	-	s and contributions	6			44.040.004
	not restricted			14,246,221	-	14,246,221
		vied for general p	urposes, net	13,646,899	-	13,646,899
	Other taxes levie			5,421,580	-	5,421,580
	Investment earni	•		489,730	16,740	506,470
	Miscellaneous in			55,374	-	55,374
	Loss on disposal	of capital assets		(31,317)		(31,317)
	Total gen	eral revenues		33,828,487	16,740	33,845,227
	Change in net position			6,895,928	260,628	7,156,556
	(Deficit) Net Posit	ion, Beginning		(30,069,926)	(712,398)	(30,782,324)
	(Deficit) Net Posit	ion, Ending		\$ (23,173,998)	\$ (451,770)	\$ (23,625,768)

See notes to financial statements

Jersey Shore Area School District Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

	Major	Fund	s		
	 •		Capital	Other	
	 General		Projects	 Nonmajor	Totals
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,269,469	\$	1,521,963	\$ 191,194	\$ 12,982,626
Investments	-		-	1,180,367	1,180,367
Due from other funds	438,162		-	-	438,162
Other receivables	72,644		-	-	72,644
Taxes receivable, net	997,965		-	-	997,965
Due from other governments	3,287,761		-	-	3,287,761
Inventories	12,159		-	-	12,159
Prepaid expenses	 254,538		-	 -	 254,538
Total assets	\$ 16,332,698	\$	1,521,963	\$ 1,371,561	\$ 19,226,222
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 842,085	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 842,085
Due to other funds	346,063		-	-	346,063
Accrued salaries and benefits	3,858,304		-	-	3,858,304
Unearned revenue	279,073		-	-	279,073
Payroll deductions and withholdings	 26,582		-	 -	 26,582
Total liabilities	 5,352,107		<u> </u>	 -	 5,352,107
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unearned revenue, taxes	 869,856		-	 -	 869,856
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	266,697		-	-	266,697
Restricted	-		1,521,963	1,371,561	2,893,524
Committed	4,062,803		-	-	4,062,803
Unassigned	 5,781,235		-	 -	 5,781,235
Total fund balances	 10,110,735		1,521,963	 1,371,561	 13,004,259
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources and fund balances	\$ 16,332,698	\$	1,521,963	\$ 1,371,561	\$ 19,226,222

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds		\$ 13,004,259
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$101,616,734 and the accumulated depreciation is \$57,428,591.		44,188,143
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are deferred in the funds.		869.856
Deferred resources, outflows and inflows, are not reported in governmental funds Deferred outflow of resources, pension Deferred outflow of resources, OPEB Deferred outflow of resources, unamortized refunding charges Deferred inflow of resources, pension Deferred inflow of resources, OPEB	\$ 7,819,036 1,806,503 34,401 (2,302,517) (6,879,020)	478,403
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of: Bonds payable and notes Financed purchase agreements payable Accrued interest on bonds Compensated absences Other postemployment benefits Net pension liability	 (19,791,162) (118,208) (86,350) (643,692) (9,390,554) (51,684,693)	<u>(81,714,659)</u>
Total Net Position, Governmental Activities		\$ (23,173,998)

Jersey Shore Area School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Major Funds			
		Capital	Other	
	General	Projects	Nonmajor	Totals
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 19,962,276	\$ 28,409	\$ 139,706	\$ 20,130,391
State sources	24,761,638	φ 20,400	φ 100,700 -	24,761,638
Federal sources	2,784,198	_	_	2,784,198
	2,704,100			2,704,100
Total revenues	47,508,112	28,409	139,706	47,676,227
Expenditures				
Instruction	28,818,124	-	-	28,818,124
Support services	12,597,911	-	-	12,597,911
Noninstructional services	926,777	-	147,680	1,074,457
Facilities acquisition, construction and				
improvement services	2,350,537	65,897	-	2,416,434
Debt service	2,635,309			2,635,309
Total expenditures	47,328,658	65,897	147,680	47,542,235
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures before				
other financing sources (uses)	179,454	(37,488)	(7,974)	133,992
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	500,000	-	500,000
Unrealized gain on investments	-	-	94,909	94,909
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	8,804	-	-	8,804
Transfers out	(500,000)			(500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses), net	(491,196)	500,000	94,909	103,713
Net changes in fund balances	(311,742)	462,512	86,935	237,705
Fund Balances, Beginning	10,422,477	1,059,451	1,284,626	12,766,554
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 10,110,735	\$ 1,521,963	\$ 1,371,561	\$ 13,004,259

econciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		
xpenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities ear Ended June 30, 2023		
otal Net Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds		\$ 237,705
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the period.		
Capital outlays	\$ 2,990,337	
Depreciation expense	 (2,002,158)	988,179
Disposal of capital assets.		(40,121
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources - tax revenues increased by this amount this year.		73,287
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, financed purchase agreement) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are capitalized and amortized in the statement of activities. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the following transactions factor into this reconciliation:		
Retirement of principal of long-term debt	2,322,000	
Bond premium amortization Retirement of financed purchase agreements payable	1,694 105,704	
Refirement of infanced purchase agreements payable	 103,704	2,429,398
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. The		
additional interest accrued in the statement of activities over the amount due is shown here.		333
Other postemployment benefits payable are considered long-term in nature, and are not reported reported as liabilities within the funds. Such liabilities, are however, reported within the statement of net position, and changes in these liabilities are reflected within the statement of activities. This amount represents the change in other postemployment benefits payable		
and associated deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for the year ended June 30, 2023.		19,891
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses, compensated absences (vacations and sick days), are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the		
amount of financial resources used. This amount represents the difference between the amount earned versus the amount used.		32,277
The net pension liability is considered long-term in nature, and is not reported as a liability within the funds. Such liability is, however, reported within the statement of net position, and changes in this liability is reflected within the statement of activities. This amount represents the change in the net pension liability and associated deferred outflows of resources		
÷ . ,		3,154,979
and deferred inflows of resources for the year ended June 30, 2023.		

See notes to financial statements 22

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 18,843,891	\$ 18,843,891	\$ 19,962,276	\$ 1,118,385
State sources	23,928,324	23,928,324	24,761,638	833,314
Federal sources	943,943	943,943	2,784,198	1,840,255
Total revenues	43,716,158	43,716,158	47,508,112	3,791,954
Expenditures				
Regular programs	19,560,408	19,560,408	20,311,798	(751,390)
Special programs	6,108,071	6,110,808	6,860,151	(749,343)
Vocational education programs	1,195,050	1,192,313	1,185,420	6,893
Other instructional programs	135,336	135,336	84,456	50,880
Nonpublic school programs	-	-	3,632	(3,632)
Pre-Kindergarten	315,000	315,000	372,667	(57,667)
Pupil personnel	1,937,258	1,937,258	1,752,590	184,668
Instructional staff	1,198,702	1,198,702	1,399,911	(201,209)
Administration	2,694,076	2,694,076	2,535,360	158,716
Pupil health	440,550	440,550	466,039	(25,489)
Business	879,743	881,742	807,209	74,533
Operation and maintenance of				
plant services	3,582,911	3,588,239	3,597,477	(9,238)
Student transportation services	1,978,236	2,002,236	2,020,546	(18,310)
Support services, central	10,805	10,805	17,526	(6,721)
Other support services	-	-	1,253	(1,253)
Facilities acquisition, construction			,	
and improvement services	-	33,397	2,350,537	(2,317,140)
Student activities	1,002,835	1,010,128	926,777	83,351
Debt service	2,633,997	2,633,997	2,635,309	(1,312)
Total expenditures	43,672,978	43,744,995	47,328,658	(3,583,663)
Excess of revenues over expenditures before other				
financing sources (uses)	43,180	(28,837)	179,454	208,291
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from the sale of		5 000		
capital assets	5,000	5,000	8,804	3,804
Transfers out		-	(500,000)	(500,000)
Budgetary reserve	(1,405,438)	(1,333,421)		1,333,421
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,400,438)	(1,328,421)	(491,196)	837,225
Net change in fund balances	(1,357,258)	(1,357,258)	(311,742)	1,045,516
Fund Balances, Beginning	7,710,365	7,710,365	10,422,477	2,712,112
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 6,353,107	\$ 6,353,107	\$ 10,110,735	\$ 3,757,628

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Food Service June 30, 2023

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Due from other governments Inventories	\$ 574,200 346,063 126,918 14,598
Total current assets	1,061,779
Capital Assets	 2,473
Total assets	1,064,252
Deferred Outflows of Resources, Pension	 173,241
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,237,493
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position (Deficit)	
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Accrued salaries and benefits Unearned revenue Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences	\$ 26,308 438,162 60,195 17,534 542,199 1,350
Net pension liability Total noncurrent liabilities	 1,088,307
Total liabilities	1,631,856
Deferred Inflows of Resources, Pension	 57,407
Net Position (Deficit) Net investment in capital assets Unreserved	 2,473 (454,243)
Total net position (deficit)	 (451,770)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position (deficit)	\$ 1,237,493

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position (Deficit) -Proprietary Fund - Food Service Year Ended June 30, 2023

Operating Revenues	
Food service revenues	\$ 385,398
Operating Expenses	
Other purchased service	647,374
Salaries	402,833
Employee benefits	198,056
Supplies	101,486
Purchased property service	25,110
Depreciation	2,769
Depresidition	
Total operating expenses	1,377,628
Operating loss	(992,230)
Nonoperating Revenues	
Federal sources	983,289
State sources	252,829
Earnings on investments	16,740
Total nonoperating revenues	1,252,858
Net income	260,628
····· ································	_00,0_0
Net Deficit, Beginning	(712,398)
Net Deficit, Ending	\$ (451,770)
	φ (101,110)

Jersey Shore Area School District Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund - Food Service Year Ended June 30, 2023

Cash Flows From Operating Activities Cash received from students, teachers and others Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for service Internal activity, payments from other funds	\$ 354,258 (663,174) (633,390) (391,702)
Net cash used in operating activities	 (1,334,008)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities Federal sources State sources	 977,311 237,515
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 1,214,826
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	
Interest income	 16,740
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(102,442)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	 676,642
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 574,200
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: Depreciation USDA donated commodities used Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflow of resources: Inventories Deferred outflows of resources Accounts payable Due from (to) other funds, net Accrued salaries and benefits Compensated absences Unearned revenue Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources	\$ (992,230) 2,769 95,033 15,974 14,085 (211) (391,702) 56,909 200 (31,140) 103,111 (206,806)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$ (1,334,008)
Noncash Operating, Investing and Noncapital Financing Activities USDA donated commodities	\$ 95,033

Jersey Shore Area School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund

June 30, 2023

	Private Purpose Trust
Assets	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 99,751
Net Position	
Net Position Restricted	\$ 99,751

Jersey Shore Area School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Private Purpose Trust
Additions	
Local sources	\$ 41,033
Deductions Scholarships awarded	 65,700
Decrease in net position	(24,667)
Net Position, Beginning	 124,418
Net Position, Ending	\$ 99,751

1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Jersey Shore Area School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standards-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

Nature of Operations

The District provides elementary and secondary education to the residents of the Borough of Jersey Shore, the surrounding Boroughs of Avis and Salladasburg and the Townships of Anthony, Bastress, Brown, Crawford, Cummings, Limestone, McHenry, Mifflin, Nippenose, Piatt, Pine Creek, Porter and Watson, as located within the District's geographic bounds in Lycoming and Clinton Counties, Pennsylvania.

The District assesses the taxpayers of these municipalities based upon taxing powers at its disposal. The ability of the District's taxpayers to pay their assessments is dependent upon economic and other factors affecting the taxpayers.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with the criteria established in GASB Statement 14, as amended. The specific criteria used in determining whether other organizations should be included in the District's financial reporting entity are financial accountability, fiscal dependency and legal separation.

As defined above, there are no other related organizations that should be included in the District's financial statements, nor is the District considered to be a component unit of any other government.

Basis of Presentation, Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements report financial information for the District as a whole, excluding fiduciary activities, on a full accrual, economic-resource basis. Individual funds are not displayed, but the statements distinguish governmental activities, generally supported by taxes and District general revenues from business-type activities, generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to customers. The District's General, Capital Projects and Student Activities/Scholarship Funds are classified as governmental activities. The District's Food Service Fund is classified as a business-type activity.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function or program offset by program revenues directly connected with that function or program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Program revenues include (1) charges for services to users of the District's services, (2) operating grants and contributions that finance annual operating activities and (3) capital grants and contributions that fund the acquisition, construction or rehabilitation of capital assets. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Basis of Presentation, Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which constitutes a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for within a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent. The District uses the following fund types:

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the District are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources, and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for the general operations of the District and all financial transactions not accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is a major fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Project Fund accounts for the financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The Capital Projects Fund is a major fund.

Student Activities Fund

The Student Activities Fund accounts for the operations of the various student activity programs. The Student Activities Fund is a nonmajor fund.

Scholarship Fund

The Scholarship Fund accounts for the operations of the various scholarships programs the District has acquired over time, that are not held under a trust arrangement. These scholarships are separate from those held under a trust arrangement, which are reported as private purpose trust funds. The Scholarship Fund is a nonmajor fund.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds account for the operations of the District that are financed and operated in a manner similar to those often found in the private sector. The fund included in this category is the Food Service Fund, which accounts for the Cafeteria operations of the District and is considered a major fund. The Food Service Fund distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses and nonoperating items. Operating revenues consist of charges for food served. Operating expenses consist mainly of food and food preparation costs, supplies and other direct costs. All other revenues and are reported as nonoperating.

Fiduciary Fund Type

Fiduciary funds account for the assets held by the District as a trustee or agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units. The fund included in this category is:

Private Purpose Trust Fund

Private Purpose Trust Funds are used to account for assets administered through a trust in which the District staff is not a beneficiary, whose assets are dedicated to providing benefits to student recipients in accordance with the benefit terms and are legally protected from the creditors of the District. This fund has a net position of \$99,751 at June 30, 2023 that is restricted for school awards.

Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in the District's net position.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary funds are also accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Accrual Basis

Government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund type financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. For exchange transactions, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred (i.e., when each party gives and receives essentially equal value when the exchange takes place). Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, requires tax revenues to be recognized in the year levied while grant revenue, entitlements and appropriations are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Modified Accrual Basis

Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined, and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay the liabilities of the current period. The District considers property and other taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures, other than principal and interest on bonds and notes payable, compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on bonds and notes payable, when due and unpaid.

The District reports unearned revenue on its fund financial statements. Unearned revenue arises when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues may also arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

The District allocates certain building-related costs to the proprietary fund.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An operating budget is adopted each year for the General Fund on a modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Pennsylvania School Code dictates specific procedures relative to adoption of the District's budget and reporting of its financial statements, specifically:

- The District, before levying annual school taxes, is required to prepare an operating budget for the succeeding fiscal year.
- The District is required to have the budget printed, or otherwise made available for public inspection, at least twenty (20) days prior to the date set for the adoption of the budget. Final action may not be taken on any proposed budget in which the estimated expenditures exceed two thousand dollars (\$2,000) until after ten (10) days public notice.
- The Board may make transfers of funds appropriated to any particular item of expenditure by legislative action during the last nine months of the fiscal year. An affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the Board is required.
- Fund balances in budgetary funds may be appropriated based on resolutions passed by the Board, which authorize the District to make expenditures. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. In order to preserve a portion of an appropriation for which expenditure has been committed by a purchase order, contract or other form of commitment, an encumbrance is recorded. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances.
- Included in the General Fund budget are program budgets as prescribed by the state and federal agencies funding these programs. These budgets are approved on a program-by-program basis by the state or federal funding agency.

- Capital budgets are implemented for capital improvements and capital projects in the Capital Projects Fund, often times in a multi-year format. All transactions of the Capital Projects Fund are approved by the Board prior to commitment, thereby constructively achieving budgetary control.
- An Enterprise Fund budget is not adopted; however, a formal budget is prepared and approved by management and expenditures are controlled on the basis of this budget.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents include deposits with financial institutions, the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) and the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF). The District considers all investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less (excluding certain short-term instruments which are classified as investments) to be cash equivalents.

Investments

Marketable securities are stated at their fair values. Other investments, including cash investment funds, are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. Adjustments to reflect increases or decreases in fair value, referred to as unrealized gains and losses, are reported as income.

Inventories

Inventories within Food Service Fund are valued at last unit cost in accordance with the recommendations of the Food and Nutrition Service of the Department of Agriculture and are expensed as used. Food commodities donated by the federal government are valued at an estimated market value. Within the General Fund, textbooks and instructional and custodial supplies are generally charged to expense upon acquisition.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets used by the proprietary fund are reported both in the business-type activity of the government-wide statement of net position and in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are stated at cost or estimated cost, net of accumulated depreciation. Donated capital assets are reported at their acquisition value at date of receipt. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$1,500. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated. Construction in progress costs are accumulated until the project is complete and placed in service. At that time, the costs are transferred to the appropriate asset class, and depreciation begins.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity
Land improvements	15 - 20 years	N/A
Buildings and improvements	20 - 40 years	N/A
Furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years	5 - 10 years

The District does not have any infrastructure capital assets.

Assets Held for Capital Projects

Assets held for capital projects represent cash and investments held by the District's Capital Projects Fund.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows (inflows) of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption (acquisition) of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow (inflow) of resources until that time.

Compensated Absences

The District's collective bargaining agreements with its professional and support employees specify the sick leave and vacation leave policies. Administrative personnel, while not party to these agreements, are generally provided similar benefits. The agreements generally provide for payment of accumulated sick leave, at retirement, based upon years of service and days accumulated. The rate paid varies by position. Vacation leave is available only to administrative and 12-month support employees. Vacation pay is earned in the year in which the service has been performed. Employees are entitled to accrue an annual designated number of vacation days, which carry over from year to year.

Pension

The District provides eligible employees with retirement benefits through the Public School Employer's Retirement System (PSERS), a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. PSERS was established as of July 18, 1917, under the provisions of Public Law 1043, No. 343.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of PSERS OPEB Plan and the Jersey Shore Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Jersey Shore OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from PSERS and the Jersey Shore OPEB plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS and the Jersey Shore OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Governmental Fund Balance Classification/Policies and Procedures

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the District classifies its governmental fund balances as follows:

- *Nonspendable* includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints, such as inventory.
- *Restricted* includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors, or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed* includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District through formal action of the District's "highest level of decision-making authority" which do not lapse at year-end.
 - The School Board of the District is its highest level of decision-making authority, and
 - The School Board commits funds through a formal board motion.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District.
 - The School Board of the District authorized the District Business Manager to assign funds to specific purposes.
 - The School Board passed a board motion authorizing assignments for activities as contemplated by the Board.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

In governmental funds, when an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to apply the expenditure toward restricted resources first and then to unrestricted resources.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either committed, assigned or unassigned amounts, the District's policy is generally to apply the expenditure to committed resources, then to assigned resources, and then to unassigned resources.

Restricted Net Position

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District's policy is to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as needed.

Eliminations and Internal Balances

Transactions and balances between governmental activities have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Residual amounts due between governmental activities and the business-type activity are labeled "internal balances" on the statement of net position.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

New Accounting Pronouncement

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements,* for the year ended June 30, 2023. This Statement defines a subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) as a contract that conveys control of the right to use another party's information technology software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The Statement requires the recognition of a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability. The amortization of the subscription asset is then recognized as an outflow of resources over the subscription term. The adoption of this Statement did not affect the District's financial reporting at June 30, 2023, as the District was not involved in any material SBITAs during fiscal 2023.

2. Joint Ventures

The District and other surrounding educational agencies created a joint venture, the Lycoming County Insurance Consortium Pooled Trust (the Trust). The District self-insures through the Trust for certain health care benefits it provides to current and former employees. The Trust has purchased an excess policy which covers employee health benefit claims in excess of \$250,000. Claims are recognized as an expense when paid (cash basis), which management believes is not materially different from the accrual basis for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District made payments for health care benefit claims approximating \$4,400,000 to the Trust during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Audited financial statements of the Trust are available in the District's Business Office.

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

At June 30, 2023, the District's cash and cash equivalents include deposits with local financial institutions, the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT), the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF) and various petty cash balances of \$2,173 held throughout the School District.

Pennsylvania statutes provide for the investment of governmental funds in certain authorized investment types, including U.S. Treasury bills, other short-term U.S. and Pennsylvania government obligations, and insured or collateralized time deposits and certificates of deposit. The statutes do not prescribe regulations related to demand deposits; however, they do allow the pooling of governmental funds for cash management and investment purposes. Act 72 requires all governmental (public funds) deposits not insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) to be collateralized by the financial institution.

PLGIT is a common law trust organized to provide Pennsylvania local governments with a convenient method of pooling their cash for temporary investment. PLGIT functions similarly to a money market fund, seeking to maintain a net asset value of \$1 per share. Participants purchase "shares" in PLGIT, which invests the proceeds in obligations of the United States Government, its agencies or instrumentalities; obligations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, its agencies, instrumentalities or political subdivisions; and deposits in savings accounts, time deposits or share accounts of institutions insured by the FDIC to the extent that such accounts are so insured, and for any amounts above the insured maximum, provided that approved collateral as provided by law is pledged by the depository. Shares may be withdrawn at any time in any amount, with no liquidity fees or redemption gates. PLGIT/PLGIT PLUS have received an "AAAm" rating from Standard & Poor's, an independent credit rating agency. At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits with PLGIT was \$6,445,428 and the bank balance was \$6,444,195.

PSDLAF is a common law trust organized to provide Pennsylvania school districts with a convenient method of pooling their cash for temporary investment. Assets with PSDLAF are invested in accordance with Title 24 of the Pennsylvania Statutes Article 4, Section 440.1 (2001). Each participant owns shares of PSDLAF, which invests the pooled assets. Such assets are not considered deposits pursuant to GASB Nos. 3 and 40, and as such are not subject to custodial credit risk. Due to the short-term nature and liquidity of the investments held within these pools, the fair value of the underlying investments approximates amortized cost. Shares with PSDLAF may be withdrawn at any time in any amount, with no liquidity fees or redemption gates. At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount and bank deposits of the District's deposits with PSDLAF was \$54,639.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District will not recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits with local financial institutions was \$7,154,337 and the bank balance was \$8,137,629. Of the bank balance, \$7,852,060 was exposed to custodial credit risk, as these deposits were not covered by depository insurance but rather were collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, but not in the District's name.

Investments

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

	Total Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investment by fair value level: Mutual funds	\$ 1,093,100	\$ 1,093,100	<u>\$ </u>	\$
Total fair value	1,093,100			
Money market funds held for investment purposes	87,267			
Total investments	\$ 1,180,367			

Fair values of the District's mutual funds are provided by external investment managers and are measured at fair value using quoted market prices for identical assets, which are considered Level 1 inputs.

4. Property Taxes

Real estate taxes for the District, which is comprised of a two-county area, are collected from the Borough of Jersey Shore and surrounding municipalities and townships. The tax on real estate by county, as levied by the board, for public school purposes for fiscal 2023 is as follows:

Clinton County 13.8206 mills	(\$13.8206 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation)
Lycoming County 18.3807 mills	(\$18.3807 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation)

Assessed valuations of property are determined by each County and the elected tax collectors are responsible for collection. The schedule for real estate taxes levied for each fiscal year is as follows:

July 1	Levy date
July 1 - August 31	2% discount period
September 1 - October 31	Face payment period
November 1 - June 30	10% penalty period
July 30	Lien date

Estimated collectible delinquent real estate taxes at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

Outstanding Balance	Estimated Uncollectible	Estimated Collectible
\$1,023,540	\$25,575	\$997,965

Tax Abatement Program

The District provides property tax abatements under the Clean and Green Program (Pennsylvania Farmland and Forest Land Assessment Act). The Clean and Green Program is a preferential tax assessment program that bases property taxes on use values rather than fair market values. This ordinarily results in a tax savings for landowners. The Pennsylvania General Assembly enacted the program in 1974 as a tool to encourage protection of the Commonwealth's valuable farmland, forestland and open spaces. A property must be 10 acres in size and in Agricultural Use, Agricultural Reserve or Forest Reserve. Agricultural Use applications may be less than 10 acres in size if the property is capable of generating at least \$2,000 annually in farm income. The amount of District real estate taxes abated under this program during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was approximately \$813,000.

5. Due From Other Governments

The amount reported in the General and Food Service Fund at June 30, 2023 as due from other governments is summarized below:

	General Fund		Foo	d Service	 Total
Local source revenues State source revenues Federal source revenues	\$	543,756 1,710,999 1,033,006	\$	- 21,828 105,090	\$ 543,756 1,732,827 1,138,096
Total	\$	3,287,761	\$	126,918	\$ 3,414,679

Amounts due from the federal and state government are primarily federal grants and state subsidies receivable from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Education at June 30, 2023. The amount due from local governments represents miscellaneous taxes collected by other governments on the District's behalf, but not remitted to the District as of June 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

6. Capital Assets

The changes in the District's capital assets in 2023 are summarized as follows:

		Balance, July 1, 2022	Acquisitions		Dispositions/ isitions Transfers		Jı	Balance, une 30, 2023
Governmental Activities Capital assets, not being								
depreciated: Land	\$	12,198,086	\$		\$		\$	12,198,086
Construction in process	φ	1,409,860	φ	2,444,720	φ	-	φ	3,854,580
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		13,607,946		2,444,720		-		16,052,666
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements		3,488,033		9,140		-		3,497,173
Buildings and improvements		66,580,119		21,594		(97,250)		66,504,463
Furniture and equipment		15,070,415		514,883		(22,866)		15,562,432
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated		85,138,567		545,617		(120,116)		85,564,068
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Land improvements		(2,972,222)		(44,451)		-		(3,016,673)
Buildings and improvements		(39,066,650)		(1,442,016)		57,129		(40,451,537)
Furniture and equipment		(13,467,556)		(515,691)		22,866		(13,960,381)
Total accumulated depreciation		(55,506,428)		(2,002,158)		79,995		(57,428,591)
depreciation		(33,300,420)		(2,002,130)		19,995		(37,420,391)
Total capital assets, being depreciated		29,632,139		(1,456,541)		(40,121)		28,135,477
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	43,240,085	\$	988,179	\$	(40,121)	\$	44,188,143
•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· · · · ·	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Business-Type Activity Furniture and equipment	\$	846,577	\$	-	\$	-	\$	846,577
Less accumulated depreciation		(841,335)		(2,769)		-		(844,104)
Business-type activity capital assets, net	\$	5,242	\$	(2,769)	\$	_	\$	2,473
oupital assets, het	Ψ	5,242	Ψ	(2,103)	Ψ		Ψ	2,475

Governmental activities depreciation expense is allocated among the District's functional expenses as follows:

Instruction Operation and maintenance of plant services Instructional student support Student activities Administration and financial support services	\$ 1,026,934 901,855 55,317 5,095 12,269
Pupil transportation	 688
Total	\$ 2,002,158

7. Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bond

In 2019, the District issued a \$4,585,000 General Obligation Bond, Series of 2019, due in varying annual installments plus interest rate ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% per annum, with the final maturity in September 2029. The proceeds from the issuance of the bond were used for the purpose of refunding the District's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2013, and to pay the costs of issuing the bonds.

Direct Borrowings - General Obligation Bonds

In 2020, the District issued a \$9,975,000 General Obligation Bond, Series of 2020, due in varying annual installments plus interest at a fixed rate of 1.688% through maturity in September 2028. The proceeds from the issuance of the bond were used for the purpose of refunding the District's General Obligation Notes, Series of 2017, and to pay the costs of issuing the bond.

In 2021, the District issued a \$8,069,000 General Obligation Bond, Series of 2021, due in varying annual installments plus interest at a fixed rate of 0.80% through maturity in 2026. The proceeds from the issuance of the bond were used to currently refund the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds Series of 2012, General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2015, General Obligation Bonds, Series A of 2015 and General Obligation Notes, Series AAAA of 2015, and pay the costs associated with issuing the Bond.

	Bala July 1		Add	itions	R	etirements	Jı	Balance, ine 30, 2023	Ju	Current Portion ne 30, 2023
Series of 2019, GOB Series of 2020, GOB Series of 2021, GOB	9,9	65,000 20,000 18,000	\$	- - -	\$	20,000 65,000 2,237,000	\$	4,545,000 9,855,000 5,381,000	\$	20,000 70,000 2,254,000
Total Debt	22,1	03,000		-		2,322,000		19,781,000	\$	2,344,000
Bond premium		11,856				1,694		10,162		
Total long-term debt	\$ 22,1	14,856	\$	-	\$	2,323,694	\$	19,791,162		

The changes in long-term debt during fiscal 2023, by debt instrument, are as follows:

Total interest expense on long-term debt in 2023 was \$309,470. No interest is reported as a direct expense in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Debt service to maturity on the general obligation bond and direct borrowings at June 30, 2023 is summarized as follows:

	General Obligation Bond			Direct Borrowings				
	 Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	 Total
Years ending June 30:								
2024	\$ 20,000	\$	91,600	\$	2,324,000	\$	199,794	\$ 2,635,394
2025	20,000		90,600		2,346,000		180,470	2,637,070
2026	20,000		89,900		3,041,000		148,887	3,299,787
2027	10,000		89,600		3,500,000		97,482	3,697,082
2028	5,000		89,450		3,565,000		37,853	3,697,303
2029 - 2030	 4,470,000		70,600		460,000		3,882	 5,004,482
Total	\$ 4,545,000	\$	521,750	\$	15,236,000	\$	668,368	\$ 20,971,118

8. Financed Purchase Agreements Payable

The District has purchased equipment under extended term financing agreements. These agreements require monthly and annual payments ranging from \$927 to \$65,897, bear imputed interest at rates of 8%, and mature through April 2026. The following summarizes the changes in financed purchase agreements payable:

	Balance, July 1, 2022		Additions		Payments		Balance, June 30, 2023	
Equipment	\$	223,912	\$	-	\$	105,704	\$	118,208

The following summarizes the District's scheduled debt service on the financed purchase agreements payable:

	P	Principal		iterest	 Total
Years ending June 30:					
2024	\$	57,488	\$	8,304	\$ 65,792
2025		50,312		4,438	54,750
2026		10,408		386	 10,794
Total	\$	118,208	\$	13,128	\$ 131,336

9. Compensated Absences

Vacation

District employees who are required to work on a twelve-month schedule are credited with vacation at rates that vary with length of service or job classification. Vacation (for most employee categories) may be taken or accumulated within certain limits and is paid prior to retirement or termination at the employee's current rate of pay.

Sick Leave

Most District employees are credited with 10 to 12 days of sick leave and may accumulate such days based on employee classifications. Sick leave (for most employee categories) may be taken or accumulated within certain limits and is paid prior to retirement or termination at the contractual or Board-approved rate.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The changes in the District's compensated absences in 2023 are summarized as follows:

Governmental activities: Balance, July 1, 2022 Increase Decrease	\$ 675,969 347,480 (379,757)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 643,692
Business-type activity: Balance, July 1, 2022 Increase Decrease	\$ 1,150 800 (600)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 1,350

10. Accrued Salaries and Benefits

Accrued salaries and benefits in the General Fund totaling \$3,858,304 represent salaries of \$1,406,254, the District's share of Social Security taxes of \$190,372 for teachers' services during the 2022-2023 school term, which are paid during July and August 2023, retirement plan expense of \$2,205,294, and other benefits expense of \$56,384 applicable to the accrued salaries at June 30, 2023.

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Jersey Shore Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Jersey Shore Area School District Postemployment Benefits Plan, provides full coverage in health care benefits for teachers who retire at age 50 or later, up to age 65, who have 15 or more years credited service with the District. The District also provides full coverage in individual health care benefits for administrators who retire at age 53 or later, up to age 65, and who have at least seven years of service with the District. The retiree pays

the cost for dependent coverage. The cost of such coverage for retirees and spouses is primarily funded through annual appropriations from the District's General Fund. The plan is unfunded and no financial report is prepared. These benefits are accounted for in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75). Retired employees who are ineligible under the above requirements and choose to participate in the medical plan must pay 100% of the fixed rate cost of such coverage. The Jersey Shore Area School District OPEB Plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75. The District does not consider the portion of the plan attributable to its Food Service Fund to be material and thus has not allocated any OPEB liability or associated deferred outflows/inflows to that fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At July 1, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	23
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving	
benefit payments	-
Active employees	284
Total	307

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was \$7,205,554, was measured as of July 1, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	2.5% cost of living adjustment, 1.5% real wage growth, and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75% to 0%
Discount rate	4.06% Based on S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2022
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.5% in 2022, 6.0% in 2023 and 5.5% in 2024-2025. Rates gradually decrease from 5.4% in 2026 to 3.9% in 2075 and later based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	Retiree contributions are assumed to increase at the same rate as the Health Care Cost Trend Rate.

The discount rate was based on S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2022.

An assumption for salary increases is used only for spreading contributions over future pay under the entry age normal cost method. For this purpose, salary increases are composed of a 2.5% cost of living adjustment, 1.5% real wage growth and for teachers and administrators a merit increase which varies by age from 2.75% to 0%.

For mortality rates, separate rates are assumed preretirement and postretirement using the rates assumed in the PSERS defined benefit pension plan actuarial valuation. Incorporated into the table are rates projected generationally by using Scale MP-2021 to reflect mortality improvement.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	т	otal OPEB Liability
Balance, July 1, 2022 Changes for the year:	\$	11,134,336
Service cost		675,460
Interest		265,707
Changes of benefit terms		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(2,362,585)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(2,219,417)
Benefit payments		(287,947)
Net changes		(3,928,782)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$	7,205,554

Changes in assumptions or other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.28% in 2022 to 4.06% in 2023.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.06%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.06%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (3.06%)		Discount Rate (4.06%)	1% Increase (5.06%)	
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 7,721,038	\$	7,205,554	\$	6,714,744

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates.

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	 1% Decrease		ealthcare ost Trend Rates	I	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 6,442,142	\$	7,205,554	\$	8,090,254

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$384,447. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred nflows of esources
Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date (July 1, 2022) Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	314,348 200,876 845,357	\$	- 3,243,452 2,989,568
Total	\$	1,360,581	\$	6,233,020

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2024	\$ (556,720)
2025	(556,720)
2026	(556,720)
2027	(556,720)
2028	(556,720)
Thereafter	 (2,403,187)
Total	\$ (5,186,787)

PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

General Information About the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program

PSERS provides Premium Assistance, which is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer OPEB plan for all eligible retirees who qualify and elect to participate. Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Effective January 1, 2002 under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS' Health Options Program (HOP). As of June 30, 2022, there were no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees.

Premium Assistance Eligibility Criteria

Retirees of PSERS can participate in the Premium Assistance program if they satisfy the following criteria:

- Have 24 ¹/₂ or more years of service, or
- Are a disability retiree, or
- Have 15 or more years of service and retired after reaching superannuation age.

For Class DC members to become eligible for premium assistance, they must satisfy the following criteria:

- Attain Medicare eligibility with 24 ½ or more eligibility points, or
- Have 15 or more eligibility points and terminated after age 67, and
- Have received all or part of their distributions.

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 0.75% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to PSERS from the District were \$130,922 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$2,185,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.1187%, which was a decrease of 0.0003% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$45,000. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred offlows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in assumptions Difference between expected and actual experience Net differences between projected and actual investment	\$	243,000 20,000	\$	516,000 12,000
earnings		6,000		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		130,922		-
Changes in proportion		46,000		118,000
	\$	445,922	\$	646,000

\$130,922 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:		
2024	\$ (74,000)	
2025	(58,000)	
2026	(57,000)	
2027	(78,000)	
2028	(64,000)	
Thereafter		_
Total	\$ (331,000)	=

Actuarial Assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2022, was determined by rolling forward the System's Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level percent of pay
- Investment return 4.09% S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.5% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases
- Premium Assistance reimbursement is capped at \$1,200 per year
- Assumed healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale
- Participation rate: Eligible retirees will elect to participate Pre age 65 at 50% Eligible retirees will elect to participate Post age 65 at 70%

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022
- Cost method Amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date
- Asset valuation method Market Value
- Participation rate The actual data for retirees benefiting under the Plan as of June 30, 2021 was used in lieu of the 63% utilization assumption for eligible retirees
- Mortality tables for Males and Females adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale.

Investments consist primarily of short term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the OPEB asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each asset class.

The PSERS OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year.

	OPEB - Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash		100 %	0.5 %
		100 %	

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 4.09%. Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short term funding of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the actuarial valuation date. The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments, therefore the plan is considered a "pay-as-you-go" plan. A discount rate of 4.09% which represents the S&P 20 year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2022, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of PSERS Net OPEB Liability to Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees receiving less than \$1,200 in annual Premium Assistance. As of June 30, 2022, retirees Premium Assistance benefits are not subject to future healthcare cost increases. The annual Premium Assistance reimbursement for qualifying retirees is capped at a maximum of \$1,200. The actual number of retirees receiving less than the \$1,200 per year cap is a small percentage of the total population and has a minimal impact on Healthcare Cost Trends as depicted below.

The following presents PSERS' net OPEB liability for June 30, 2022 calculated using current Healthcare cost trends as well as what PSERS' net OPEB liability would be if its health cost trends were 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	0	1% Decrease			1% Increase	
PSERS Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,185,000	\$	2,185,000	\$	2,185,000

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the PSERS net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 4.09%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (3.09%) or 1-percentage-point higher 5.09%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 3.09%		Current count Rate 4.09%	 1% Increase 5.09%
District's proportionate share of the PSERS net OPEB liability	\$	2,471,000	\$ 2,185,000	\$ 1,946,000

PSERS OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

12. Termination Benefits

Under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA), the District provides health care benefits to eligible former employees and their dependents. Requirements are outlined by the federal government for this coverage. The premium plus a 2% administrative fee is paid in full by the eligible participant. This program is offered up to a period of 18 months (36 months for an employee with dependents) after an employee's termination date. At June 30, 2023, there were three participants under dental COBRA benefits.

Annually, the District provides for a retirement stipend of \$5,000 for teachers who voluntarily retire after having reached at least 53 years of age and 15 or more years of credited service. Such stipends are payable in the year the employee officially retires. The cost of this benefit is recognized on a "pay as you go" basis and amounted to \$35,000 covering seven participants for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The District provides a retirement stipend for administrators retiring with at least seven years of service and having reached 55 years of age. The maximum retirement stipend is \$14,000. There was \$14,000 in benefits paid to one administrator during the year ended June 30, 2023.

13. Retirement Plan

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported the following amounts in the accompanying financial statements related to their participation in the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS):

	 overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activity	Total		
Deferred outflow of resources Net pension liability Deferred inflow of resources	\$ 7,819,036 51,684,693 2,302,517	\$ 173,241 1,088,307 57,407	\$	7,992,277 52,773,000 2,359,924	

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.psers.pa.gov</u>.

Benefits Provided

PSERS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least one year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service.

Act 5 of 2017 (Act 5) introduced a hybrid benefit with two membership classes and a separate defined contribution plan for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2019. Act 5 created two new hybrid membership classes, Membership Class T-G (Class T-G) and Membership Class T-H (Class T-H) and the separate defined contribution membership class, Membership Class DC (Class DC). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-G and Class T-H members must work until age 67 with a minimum of three years of credited service. Class T-G may also qualify for normal retirement by attaining a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 97 with a minimum of 35 years of credited service.

Benefits are generally equal to 1% or 2.5%, depending on membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied times the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after 10 years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (10 years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Member Contributions

The contribution rates based on qualified member compensation for virtually all members are presented below:

Member Contribution Rates										
Membership Class	Continuous Employment Since	Defined Benefit (DB) Contribution Rate	DC Contribution Rate	Total Contribution Rate						
T-C	Prior to July 22, 1983	5.25 %	N/A	5.25 %						
T-C	On or after July 22, 1983	6.25	N/A	6.25						
T-D	Prior to July 22, 1983	6.50	N/A	6.50						
T-D	On or after July 22, 1983	7.50	N/A	7.50						
T-E	On or after July 1, 2011	7.50% base rate with shared risk provision 10.30% base rate with shared risk	N/A	Prior to 7/1/21:7.50; After 7/1/21: 8.00 Prior to 7/1/21:10.30;						
T-F	On or after July 1, 2011	provision 5.50% base rate with shared risk	N/A	After 7/1/21: 10.30, Prior to 7/1/21: 8.25;						
T-G	On or after July 1, 2019	provision 4.50% base rate	2.75 %	After 7/1/21: 9.00						
T-H DC	On or after July 1, 2019 On or after July 1, 2019	with shared risk provision N/A	3.00 7.50	Prior to 7/1/21:7.50; After 7/1/21: 8.25 7.50						

	Shared Risk Program Summary									
Membership Class	Defined Benefit (DB) Base Rate	Shared Risk Increment	Minimum	Maximum						
T-E	7.50 %	+/- 0.50 %	5.50 %	9.50 %						
T-F	10.30	+/- 0.50	8.30	12.30						
T-G	5.50	+/- 0.75	2.50	8.50						
T-H	4.50	+/- 0.75	1.50	7.50						

Employer Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was 34.31%* of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to PSERS from the District were \$6,239,353 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

* This includes the defined contribution rate of 0.20% which is an estimated rate.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$52,773,000 for its proportionate share of the PSERS net pension liability. The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the PSERS total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the PSERS net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.1187%, which was a decrease from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022 of 0.1190%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of approximately \$3,304,000. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred nflows of esources		
Changes in proportion between governmental and business-type activities	\$	8,924	\$	8,924		
Difference between expected and actual experience		24,000	456,000			
Changes in assumptions	1,576,000			-		
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		896,000		
Changes in proportion		144,000		999,000		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		6,239,353		-		
Total	\$	7,992,277	\$	2,359,924		

\$6,239,353 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:		
2024	\$ (673,000)	
2025	226,000	
2026	(1,410,000)	
2027	1,250,000	
Total	\$ (607,000)	

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by rolling forward PSERS total pension liability as of the June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level percent of pay.
- Investment return 7.00%, includes inflation at 2.75%.
- Salary growth Effective average of 4.50%, comprised of inflation of 2.5% and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.
- The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021 and 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

- Demographic and economic assumptions approved by the Board for use effective with the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation:
 - Salary growth rate decreased from 5.00% to 4.50%.
 - Real wage growth and merit or seniority increases (components for salary growth) decreased from 2.75% and 2.25% to 2.50% and 2.00%, respectively.
 - Mortality rates Previously based on the RP-2014 Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2015 Mortality Improvement Scale. Effective with the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, mortality rates are based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study that was performed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global public equity	28.0 %	5.3 %
Fixed income	33.0	2.3
Commodities	9.0	2.3
Absolute return	6.0	3.5
Private equity	12.0	8.0
Infrastructure/MLPs	9.0	5.4
Real estate	11.0	4.6
Cash	3.0	0.5
Leverage	(11.0)	0.5
	100.0 %	

The above was the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2022.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (6.00%)	Di	Current scount Rate (7.00%)	 1% Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 68,258,000	\$	52,773,000	\$ 39,717,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.pa.gov.

14. Internal Balances/Interfund Balances and Transfers

At June 30, 2023, various operating funds owed amounts to and were due amounts from other funds. These amounts, which represent short-term borrowings that are expected to be repaid within the next fiscal year, consisted of the following:

	Du	le From	Due To		
General Fund: Food Service Fund	\$	438,162	\$	346,063	
Food Service Fund: General Fund		346,063		438,162	
Total	\$	784,225	\$	784,225	

The following summarizes interfund transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Tra	Transfers In		
General Fund: Capital Projects Fund	\$	-	\$	500,000
Capital Projects Fund: General Fund		500,000		
Total	\$	500,000	\$	500,000

Transfers were made from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund for current and future capital projects.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

15. Fund Balance Classifications

The District presents its governmental fund balances by level of constraint in the aggregate on its balance sheet - governmental funds. The individual specific purposes of each constraint are presented below:

_ General Fund		General Fund		General Fund		Capital jects Fund	Rev	Special enue Funds	 Total
Nonspendable for: Inventory Prepaid expenses	\$	12,159 254,538	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 12,159 254,538		
Total nonspendable	\$	266,697	\$		\$	_	\$ 266,697		
Restricted for: Capital Projects Student activities and scholarships	\$	-	\$	1,521,963	\$	- 1,371,561	\$ 1,521,963 1,371,561		
Total restricted	\$		\$	1,521,963	\$	1,371,561	\$ 2,893,524		
Committed for: Medical reserves PSERS Future PlanCon J approvals Legal matters	\$	850,000 2,780,000 380,303 52,500	\$		\$	- - -	\$ 850,000 2,780,000 380,303 52,500		
Total committed	\$	4,062,803	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,062,803		

16. Significant Group Concentrations of Credit Risk

The District's operations are located in Clinton and Lycoming Counties of Pennsylvania. Its service area is located within the geographic bounds of the District. The District assesses taxpayers within its service area based upon taxing powers at its disposal. The ability of each of the District's taxpayers to honor their assessed obligations to the District is dependent upon economic and other factors affecting its taxpayers.

17. Commitments and Contingencies

Grant Programs

The District participates in both state and federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. The District is potentially liable for any expenditure which may be disallowed pursuant to the terms of these grant programs. Management is not aware of any material items of noncompliance that may result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

Environmental

The District maintains heating and fuel storage and sewage treatment facilities. The District is potentially liable for any expenditure associated with compliance to mandated regulations and any disallowance of program expenditures.

Litigation

The District from time to time has been named as a defendant in various lawsuits that relate to its day-to-day operations. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the resolution of these lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

18. Nonmonetary Transactions

The District receives USDA Donated Commodities in the Food Service Fund (Enterprise Fund), which is a proprietary fund type. These donated commodities are valued at an estimated market value and recognized as federal revenue with unused commodities recorded as inventory. The total revenue recognized by the District in connection with this program amounted to \$95,033 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

19. Transactions With Other LEA's

The District is a member of B.L.A.S.T. Intermediate Unit 17. Through the membership, the District is able to secure various special services, including special education.

20. Pending Changes in Accounting Principles

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022
- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections.
- Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences.

District management is in the process of evaluating these standards. When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

21. Subsequent Event

On July 24, 2023, the Board of Directors approved a new teachers contract with the Jersey Shore Area Education Association for the period July 1, 2023, through June 30, 2028.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net Pension Liability Years Ended June 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.1187%	0.1190%	0.1184%	0.1259%	0.1222%	0.1257%	0.1250%	0.1307%	0.1313%
	\$ 52,773,000	\$ 48,857,000	\$ 58,299,000	\$ 58,899,000	\$ 58,662,000	\$ 62,081,000	\$ 61,946,000	\$ 56,613,000	\$ 51,969,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 17,456,252	\$ 16,866,496	\$ 16,602,426	\$ 17,362,941	\$ 16,458,273	\$ 16,742,204	\$ 16,182,935	\$ 16,816,298	\$ 16,460,732
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability									
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	302.32%	289.67%	351.15%	339.22%	356.43%	370.81%	382.79%	336.66%	315.71%
PSERS Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	61.34%	63.67%	54.32%	55.66%	54.00%	51.84%	50.14%	54.36%	57.24%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, for the year ended June 30, 2015 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Therefore, information for years prior to 2015 is not available for reporting.

Jersey Shore Area School District Schedule of the District's PSERS Pension Contributions Years Ended June 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 6,239,353	\$ 5,622,764	\$ 5,482,731	\$ 5,807,904	\$ 5,365,429	\$ 5,313,975	\$ 4,725,417	\$ 4,204,075	\$ 3,374,450
required contribution	(6,239,353)	(5,622,764)	(5,482,731)	(5,807,904)	(5,365,429)	(5,313,975)	(4,725,417)	(4,204,075)	(3,374,450)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 17,456,252	\$ 16,866,496	\$ 16,602,426	\$ 17,362,941	\$ 16,458,273	\$ 16,742,204	\$ 16,182,935	\$ 16,816,298	\$ 16,460,732
covered-employee payroll	35.74%	33.34%	33.02%	33.45%	32.60%	31.74%	29.20%	25.00%	20.50%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, for the year ended June 30, 2015 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Therefore, information for years prior to 2015 is not available for reporting.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the PSERS OPEB Liability Years Ended June 30

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
District's proportion of the OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability	0.1187%	0.1190%	0.1184%	0.1259%	0.1222%	0.1257%	0.1250%
	\$ 2,185,000	\$ 2,820,000	\$ 2,556,000	\$ 2,678,000	\$ 2,548,000	\$ 2,561,000	\$ 2,692,000
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability	\$ 17,456,252	\$ 16,866,496	\$ 16,602,426	\$ 17,362,941	\$ 16,458,273	\$ 16,458,273	\$ 16,182,935
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	12.52%	16.72%	15.40%	15.42%	15.48%	15.56%	16.63%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	6.86%	5.30%	5.69%	5.56%	5.56%	5.73%	5.47%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* for the year ended June 30, 2017 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Information for years prior to 2017 is not available for reporting.

Schedule of the District's PSERS OPEB Contributions Years Ended June 30

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 130,922	\$ 134,932	\$ 136,140	\$ 145,849	\$ 136,604	\$ 138,960	\$ 134,318
required contribution	 (130,922)	 (134,932)	 (136,140)	 (145,849)	 (136,604)	 (138,960)	 (134,318)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 17,456,252	\$ 16,866,496	\$ 16,602,426	\$ 17,362,941	\$ 16,458,273	\$ 16,742,204	\$ 16,182,935
covered-employee payroll	0.75%	0.80%	0.82%	0.84%	0.83%	0.83%	0.83%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for the year ended June 30, 2017 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Information for years prior to 2017 is not available for reporting.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Years Ended June 30

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability						
Service cost	\$ 675,460	\$ 684,678	\$ 601,685	\$ 600,252	\$ 647,286	\$ 647,657
Interest cost	265,707	211,314	367,902	316,952	332,450	251,396
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	(2,626)	-
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	(2,362,585)	-	(1,506,515)	-	368,276	-
Changes in assumptions	(2,219,417)	(320,163)	1,145,216	(299,788)	(951,844)	24,954
Benefit payments, including refunds						
of member contributions	(287,947)	(257,016)	(306,650)	(303,843)	(365,204)	(437,761)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(3,928,782)	318,813	301,638	313,573	28,338	486,246
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning	11,134,336	10,815,523	10,513,885	10,200,312	10,171,974	9,685,728
Total OPEB Liability, Ending	\$ 7,205,554	\$ 11,134,336	\$ 10,815,523	\$ 10,513,885	\$ 10,200,312	\$ 10,171,974
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 17,234,857	\$ 15,994,724	\$ 15,994,724	\$ 16,143,911	\$ 16,143,911	\$ 16,486,846
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	41.81%	69.61%	67.62%	65.13%	63.18%	61.70%

The District adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* for the year ended June 30, 2017 to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Information for years prior to 2018 is not available for reporting.



Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Jersey Shore Area School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jersey Shore Area School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 8, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Williamsport, Pennsylvania November 8, 2023



Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Jersey Shore Area School District

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Jersey Shore Area School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Williamsport, Pennsylvania November 8, 2023

Jersey Shore Area School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor Program Title	Source Code	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at	Revenue	Total Federal Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2023	Passed Through to Subrecipients June 30, 2023
•	Code	Number	Number	Ending Date	Amount	for the rear	July 1, 2022	Recognized	Expenditures	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2023
U.S. Department of Education											
Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education: Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	1	84.010	013-230203	7/01/22-9/30/23	\$ 582,399	\$ 582,412	\$ -	\$ 582,399	\$ 582,399	\$ (13)	s -
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	i	84.010	013-220203	7/01/21-9/30/22	593,091	37,422	37,422	φ 002,000 -	• 002,000	¢ (10)	÷ -
Total, Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies						619,834	37,422	582,399	582,399	(13)	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants		84.367	020-230203	7/01/22-9/30/23	94,389	93,070	_	94,389	94,389	1,319	
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	I	84.367	020-220203	7/01/21-9/30/22	97,100	117	117			-	
Total, Improving Teacher Quality State Grants						93,187	117	94,389	94,389	1,319	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	1	84.424	144-230203	7/01/22-9/30/23	46,326	26,479	-	34,366	34,366	7,887	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	I	84.424	144-220203	7/01/21-9/30/22	37,082	9,905	406	9,499	9,499	-	-
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	I	84.424	144-210203	7/01/20-9/30/21	36,845	2,457	2,457			-	
Total, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program						38,841	2,863	43,865	43,865	7,887	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States (Perkins IV)	I	84.048	380-230075	7/01/22-6/30/23	47,320	47,320		47,320	47,320		
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	L	84.287	S287C200038	7/01/22-6/30/23	276,972	196,511	-	239,894	239,894	43,383	-
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	I	84.287	S287C200038	7/01/21-6/30/22	276,972	38,198	38,198				-
Total, Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers						234,709	38,198	239,894	239,894	43,383	
Education Stabilization Funds:											
Continuity of Education Equity Grant - GEER	I.	84.425C	253-200203	3/13/20-9/30/22	16,708	10,553	10,553				
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - ESSER II	I	84.425D	200-21-0203	3/13/20-9/30/24	1,820,861	208,906	(76,202)	722,718	722,718	437,610	-
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - ESSER III	I	84.425U	223-21-0203	3/13/20-9/30/24	3,683,076	2,343,776	1,229,683	867,781	867,781	(246,312)	-
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - ESSER 7%	I	84.425U	225-21-0203	3/13/20-9/30/24	286,258	109,298	62,517	66,178	66,178	19,397	-
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund - Homeless Children and Youth	1	84.425W	181-21-2198	7/01/21-9/30/24	15,173	389	(1,167)			(1,556)	-
		04.42377	101-21-2130	1101/21-3/30/24	10,170	505	(1,107)	-	-	(1,550)	
Passed Through the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency:											
COVID-19 School Health and Safety Grant II	I	84.425D	2020-ES-01 35461	3/13/20-9/30/22	65,560	19,163	3,300	15,863	15,863		
Total Education Stabilization Funds						2,681,532	1,218,131	1,672,540	1,672,540	209,139	
Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education: Special Education Cluster (IDEA):											
Passed Through BLAST IU 17: Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	1	84.027	H027X210093	7/01/21-6/30/22	414,782	414,782	414,782	-	_	-	-
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	i	84.027	H027X210093	7/01/22-6/30/23	430,173		-	430,173	430,173	430,173	-
ARP IDEA	I	84.027	H027X210093	7/01/22-9/30/23	93,237	-	-	93,237	93,237	93,237	
Preschool/Early Intervention Funds (619) Preschool/Early Intervention Funds (619)	1	84.173 84.173	FA 131-200017 FA 131-200017	7/01/21-6/30/22 7/01/22-6/30/23	7,308 3,344	7,308 3,344	7,308	3.344	3.344	-	
		04.170			0,044	0,044	-	0,044	0,044	-	
Passed Through Lancaster-Lebanon IU 13:											
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)		84.027	062-22-0-033	7/01/21-6/30/22	10,000	8,926	8,926	-	-	-	-
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B) Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)		84.027 84.027	062-22-0-033 062-22-0-033	7/01/21-6/30/22 7/01/21-6/30/22	10,000 10,000	10,000 10,000	10,000 10,000	-	-	-	-
					-,						
Total, Special Education Cluster						454,360	451,016	526,754	526,754	523,410	
Total U.S. Department of Education						4,180,336	1,758,300	3,207,161	3,207,161	785,125	<u> </u>

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards

Jersey Shore Area School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor Program Title	Source Code	Assistance Listing Number	Pass Through Grantor's Number	Grant Period Beginning/ Ending Date	Program or Award Amount	Total Received for the Year	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2022	Revenue Recognized	Total Federal Expenditures	Accrued (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2023	Passed Through to Subrecipients June 30, 2023
U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster:											
Passed through the Pennsylvania Department of Education:											
National School Lunch Program	I	10.555	N/A	7/01/22-6/30/23	N/A	\$ 538,132	\$-	\$ 614,597	\$ 614,597	\$ 76,465	s -
National School Lunch Program	I	10.555	N/A	7/01/21-6/30/22	N/A	146,889	. 146,889	-	-	-	· -
School Breakfast Program	1	10.553	N/A	7/01/22-6/30/23	N/A	178,995	-	207,620	207,620	28,625	-
School Breakfast Program	I.	10.553	N/A	7/01/21-6/30/22	N/A	47,254	47,254	-	-	-	-
Supply Chain Assistance	I.	10.555	N/A	7/01/22-6/30/23	N/A	65,411	-	65,411	65,411	-	-
Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture: Child Nutrition Cluster: Value of USDA Donated Commodities	I	10.555	N/A	7/01/22-6/30/23	N/A	79,058 (Å	A) (30,572) (E	3) 95,033	95,033 (C) (14,597) ([)) -
	•	10.000		1101122 0100120			(<u>(((((((((()))))))))</u>)))))))))))))))))		(<u>(11,007)</u> (2	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster						1,055,739	163,571	982,661	982,661	90,493	-
Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education: P-EBT Local Admin Funds	I	10.649	N/A	7/01/22-6/30/23	N/A	628		628	628		<u> </u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture						1,056,367	163,571	983,289	983,289	90,493	
Total expenditures of federal awards						\$ 5,236,703	\$ 1,921,871	\$ 4,190,450	\$ 4,190,450	\$ 875,618	\$ -

Source Codes D = Direct Funding I = Indirect Funding

Legends (A) Total Amount of Commodities Received from Department of Agriculture (B) Beginning Inventory at July 1 (C) Total Amount of Commodities Used (D) Ending Inventory at June 30

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Jersey Shore Area School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual or modified accrual basis of accounting, as described below. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

The underlying accounting records for some grant programs, primarily those involving governmental activities (i.e., General Fund), are maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. The accounting records for other grant programs, including those involving business-type activities (i.e., Food Service Fund), are maintained on the accrual basis, i.e., when the revenue has been earned and the liability is incurred.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued on whether the financial statements audited were in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X no yes X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major federal program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes X no yes X none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal program:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yes <u>X</u> no
Identification of major federal programs:	
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Xyes no

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2023

Section II - Findings - Financial Statement Findings

None.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None.

Section IV - Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

There were no findings or questioned costs indicated in the June 30, 2022 Single Audit.